



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 14, 1893.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, March 14, 1893.

The republicans continue to entrench themselves in power by every means known to their cunning. Yesterday, Fisher, Chief Clerk of the Pension office, was relieved from his duties and transferred by Commissioner Raum to the board of review at a reduced salary, and Dr. Gallagher, a democratic clerk in the medical division, was assigned to duty as chief clerk. The incoming commissioner must now remove the democrat in order to obtain a chief clerk of his own choice, and Fisher remains secure. Davis, a negro clerk in the Pension office, who was absent from his duties six weeks during the campaign, working for Harrison's re-election, is now busy securing democratic influence to retain his office.

The races scheduled for to-day at Ivy City have been postponed until to-morrow.

The Supreme Court to-day denied the application made yesterday by counsel for Howard Schneider, sentenced to be hanged next Friday for murder, for leave to file petitions for a writ of habeas corpus and also for a writ of error. It is believed that this exhausts the last legal effort of counsel for the condemned man and that they are now left to their last effort in the long and desperate fight to avert his hanging, viz., an appeal to Executive clemency. The United States Supreme Court acted to-day with unusual promptness, having only received the printed papers at 8 o'clock last night, for the reason that Schneider is sentenced to hang Friday next, and that the patience of the court has been tried by the last few years by numerous efforts to use it simply as a means of delaying the execution of sentences imposed on criminals.

Now that Princess Kaiulani and suite have attained the object of their visit to Washington, that of seeing the President, the remainder of their time will be spent in social affairs and visiting the interesting places about the capital city. Saturday next is the time fixed for their departure. The propositions to send a United States commissioner to the islands and to take a vote of the people are looked upon with favor by Mr. Davies. He said this morning that "of the 14,000 voters on the islands, 10,000 were averse to annexation," and, added Mr. Davies, "don't see, under these circumstances, how the United States can take such a step."

Western Congressmen who approached the President to urge the claims of a western candidate for the office of Commissioner of Pensions are authorized for the statement that Mr. Cleveland informed them that he had about determined to appoint an eastern man to this position, and that the office would have gone to Gen. Slocum of New York, if his advancing years had permitted him to undertake its onerous duties.

Hog Island (opposite the mouth of the Potomac river), where Mr. Cleveland passed a duck shooting vacation after the campaign, is to be taken possession of by the government as a quarantine station. This conclusion has just been reached at a conference between Surgeon-General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, and Secretary Carlisle, the result of which was Mr. Wyman was authorized to take the necessary steps to secure possession of the island and to establish the station.

The Cabinet meeting to-day enquired on the time usually allotted to callers at the White House, and as a consequence the rush of visitors was not so great. But the score or more of Congressmen who saw Mr. Cleveland had plenty of applications for office to hand in and he was kept busy until 11 o'clock, when the cabinet meeting began. Congressman Springer touched on the new rules of appointment which are written on the tablets of Mr. Cleveland's mind, and suggested to the President jokingly that they be promulgated in an executive document. It is understood that Mr. Cleveland wishes it to be known that in the appointment of consuls, particularly those to places in South and Central America, he will be guided largely by the adaptability of candidates for business. He wants practical business men; men who can assist in the expansion of American trade through their knowledge of business affairs. He wants these consuls to be persons of experience in all trade matters so that they can readily recognize whether a port is capable of becoming a good market for American goods. Speaker Crisp was one of the callers to-day, also Congressman Blount, chairman during the 52nd Congress of the committee on foreign affairs. The Cabinet meeting prevented him from seeing Mr. Cleveland, and he saw private Secretary Thurber instead. Rumor connects Mr. Blount's name with the Hawaiian Commission. He came to the White House with Secretary Gresham. Other callers were Senators Gray, Mills, Irby, Call, Harris, Vance and Turpie. The President intends to devote the hours designated for the reception of Senators and Representatives exclusively to that purpose and he requests their cooperation in avoiding encroachments upon the time set apart for their benefit.

Collectors of customs, commissioners of immigration, internal revenue collectors and other Treasury officials located throughout the country are taking to the President at his word that they are to be allowed to serve out their terms of four years. Only two resignations of this class have so far been received.

Capt. Ham. Shepperd of Warrenton, who was internal revenue collector for the northern district of Virginia during Mr. Cleveland's first administration, is an applicant for reappointment, has returned here after a few days' absence. He says he is confident that a special exception in the order that no ex-office holders shall be appointed, will be made in his case, as he has the entire congressional delegation from his State in his favor, and as he has no competitors. Capt. Opey of Lynchburg having withdrawn, and Capt. Mushbach of Alexandria having sent him word that he will not be an applicant for the place as long as he, Shepperd, shall be. He says if he be not appointed it will show that the order referred to is ironbound and will hold in every other case. Other Virginians here, however, are not so sanguine of the Captain's reappointment as he is, and say he is also mistaken about having no competitors, as they know he has, and that among them is Col. Berkley, of his own congressional district.

The prevailing impression on the subject here is that Mr. John Goode of Virginia will not be appointed U. S. Solicitor General. When the Virginia congressional delegation called upon the President recently in Mr. Goode's behalf, he told them that Mr. Goode had been attended to pretty well. They

said, "yes, but only for a short time." "Oh, no," responded Mr. Cleveland, "a pretty long time; you remember the government employed him in the telephone cases."

Among the visitors here to-day is Col. "Long" White of Leesburg, Va. The Colonel has been urged by his many friends to apply for the internal revenue collectorship of the upper Virginia district, but has refused to do so, for the reason that he likes to give orders, not to receive them, and because he would not entirely abandon his private business, which, he understands, every officeholder must do under the new rules. He says he understands there are three candidates for the postmastership in his town, the term of which commences next June—the former postmaster, Capt. Head, and Messrs. Robert Harper and W. W. Athey.

It is reported here to-day that ex-Senator and ex-Consul Withers of Virginia is one of the many applicants for the U. S. marshalship of the western district of Virginia, a place worth about forty-five hundred dollars a year, and for which there are about a score of applicants.

A democratic Senatorial caucus was held to-day to receive the report of the caucus committee appointed to reorganize the Senate committee, and, if there was time enough, to select the democratic nominees for the Senate's elective offices. The committee's report was adopted, but another caucus will be held to nominate the officers.

Judging from current reports, Secretary Morton of the Agricultural Department, is about the only member of the Cabinet who is in entire accord with the feelings of ninety nine of every one hundred members of his party. According to these reports he says he feels that he is surrounded by men who would like his administration of the department to be a failure, and that if he have his way the places that many of them now know will soon know them no more for ever.

Under the last rating of postmasters the salary of the one at Alexandria is \$2,400.

It is currently reported here that Mr. Roach, the new democratic Senator from South Dakota, is liable to prosecution for embezzling money of the Citizens National bank of this city about fourteen years ago, and that as that has become public he has been advised by his friends to resign.

Among the additional applications for position in the Treasury Department are the following: Assistant Secretary—Robert B. Bowler and Daniel McCoville, Ohio, Commissioner of Internal Revenue—C. C. Matson, Indiana, Sixth Auditor—E. C. Finley and Thos. E. Peckinpach, Ohio, Surveyor of Customs, New Orleans—E. K. Gouvier and J. C. Bourgeois, Collector of Customs, New Orleans—J. R. Conway, Collector of Customs, New York—C. A. G. Dickerson and Alden S. Swan, Surveyor of Customs, New York—D. M. J. P. Messmer, A. S. Swan, Theo. F. Reed and D. Lawler Smith.

HIS EYES CHANGE DAILY.—All the doctors in Bucks county, Pa., are puzzled over the case of little 5-year-old Justis Storck, whose eyes seem a law unto themselves. One day the boy is cross-eyed, while the next his eyes are perfectly straight, and this curious alternation has been going on for years. The non-plussed doctors call it a case of intermittent strabismus—probably the only one on record—and despairing of curing it, will soon give the surgeons of the Allegheny General Hospital in Philadelphia, an opportunity to study the matter. The father of the afflicted boy has decided to send him to that institution for treatment.

The little fellow, who is the youngest of 11 children, lives with his father, Justis Storck, in a little house, near Shelby Station, on the North Penn Railroad, where for four years he has excited the wonder of the neighbors. The boy at birth was perfect in every way; but when he had reached the age of one year his eyes became affected. His peculiar ailment is believed to have been the result of a severe attack of convulsions, brought on by his attempt to digest improper food. The baby was not relieved for several weeks. He cried incessantly, and it was noticed one day that his eyes were crossed. From that time he has grown worse, despite the efforts of the family physician, who has been completely mystified.

One day the little fellow's right eye averted, on the next both eyes perfectly straight, and the day following the left eye became affected, and so on the year round. There is another peculiar feature of the case. When the right eye looks a-quist the child can bring it into the correct line of vision by placing his hand over the good eye; but as soon as the hand is removed the affected eye again seeks the inner corner of the eye. The father of the boy cokes out a livelihood from his little cobbler's shop in Quakertown, and is too poor to afford the little fellow proper surgical attention at home, and has at last decided to send him to the Medical-Chirurgical Hospital.

PRINCESS KAIULANI RECEIVED.—At half-past five o'clock yesterday afternoon President and Mrs. Cleveland accorded a special reception to Princess Kaiulani, the meeting taking place in the Blue Parlor. The Princess was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Davies, their daughter and a lady friend. The call was entirely of a social nature, and lasted probably a quarter of an hour. The visitors were charmed with the cordiality of the reception accorded them, the ladies being captivated by the pleasing manners of the wife of the President, and the Princess said subsequently that Mrs. Cleveland was the only lady that she ever felt in love with.

During the day Mr. Davies, unaccompanied by the Princess or any of his family, called on Secretary Gresham. This visit like that at the White House was a purely social one. Mr. Paul Newman, the envoy of Queen Liliuokalani, also called on Secretary Gresham during the afternoon. Gossip as to the personnel of the commission that will probably be appointed to visit the Hawaiian Islands includes the names of Judge Martin V. Montgomery, of Michigan, late of the District of Columbia Supreme Bench; General Schofield, Admiral Brown and Captain M. L. Hewson, Dr. M. Smith, the Hawaiian minister, does not regard the appointment of a commission with much favor.

"If a commission is appointed, of course, we will accept it," he said. "It can serve no good purpose that I can see. All possible information is at hand, and nothing can be gained by sending a commission. I do not know. She cannot assume the throne, for her aunt has not abdicated. I do not see how the United States government can put her on the throne and ignore the existence and prior claims of the Queen. I am dreadfully sorry some persons quarrel between the United States and English sailors that will give the latter power an opportunity to step in and assume an aggressive attitude. I see that a hopeful that no serious row will happen."

Harry Kernell, the famous Irish comedian, died in Bloomingdale Insane Asylum, N. J., yesterday of paresis.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The second reading of the home-rule bill has been postponed until after Easter.

The ice gorge at Port Deposit is all over, and it is estimated that the damage done cannot be repaired for \$25,000.

The Chinese are preparing to seize Pamir, while the Russians are sending reinforcements to the country to resist the attack.

A dinner was given in Washington last night by the Senators to Senator Daves, of Massachusetts, who ended his congressional career of thirty-six years.

A widow and her three children have been murdered by robbers, and their bodies partly buried by a fire that destroyed their home in Solmdorf, Bavaria.

The democratic Senators' committee were engaged during yesterday in arranging the committee, and the result of their work will be submitted to the caucus.

Major Fukushima, formerly of the Japanese legation in Berlin, completed yesterday at Vladivostok his horseback ride across European and Asiatic Russia.

In the corridor of the Criminal Court in Nashville yesterday Joseph Winters, charged with being accessory to the murder of J. B. Jones, was shot and fatally wounded by Thomas Jones, a son of the murdered man.

The Governor of Maine, acting under the terms of a resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State, has written Mrs. Blaine requesting permission for the removal of her husband's remains from Oak Hill Cemetery, in the District of Columbia, to Augusta.

For the first time during his jail life in Washington, Howard Schneider became violent yesterday. He assaulted Deputy Warden Russ in his cell and attempted to brain him with a chair, repeating his outbreak of last spring in the courtroom, when he made the same demonstration toward District Attorney Cole. The officer overpowered Schneider, but there was excitement in the jail for a time.

The French ministry was yesterday sustained by a vote of confidence (297 to 228) in the Chamber of Deputies. Premier Ribot and M. Bourgeois spoke in defense of the course pursued by the government in the Panama case. Trial of the Panama case was continued, and M. Bourgeois, ex-minister of justice, repudiated the insinuation contained in the evidence of Madame Cottu. Charles de Lesseps created a scene in the court-room by confronting M. Bourgeois and resenting the latter's attack upon him. The disorder became so great that the judge had to suspend the proceedings.

Old Pohick Church.

A recently published statement that nothing remains of the old Pohick Church, Fairfax county, for which George Washington drew plans for its rebuilding in 1773, and the statement that "in a lonely, simple way the poor folk within fifty miles of the place all gather to the spot" and celebrate Washington's birthday, caused considerable surprise to the residents in the neighborhood of the old church.

Rev. Samuel A. Wallis, rector of the old church, writes to the Washington Star as follows respecting the publication referred to:

"This statement is entirely erroneous. The Pohick Church, for which George Washington drew plans, is still standing firmly on its foundations. The solid walls, 18 inches thick, are so well constructed that they will defy for many generations, we trust, the inroads of time. The exterior of the church presents the same appearance it did when Washington drove up to it regularly on Sundays in his famous coach. The interior suffered severely during the late war. All the woodwork was destroyed except the cornice, which is the only interior work still existing from Washington's time. The roof was left in a ruinous condition after the war, but the old timbers are still there, well protected by a covering of good shingles. About eighteen years ago the church was put in good repair, though not restored to its original interior appearance, through the kindness of a gentleman then living in New York city. Much needs to be done to restore the church to its former antique interior, but it is comfortable and properly cared for.

I have been rector of the church for the last eleven years and a half. During that period service has been held every Sunday throughout the year, with a good and increasing congregation in regular attendance. Besides this there is a large Sunday school of about seventy-five children, meeting before church every Sunday, both winter and summer. There are eight vestrymen at present, all members of the church—Messrs. H. H. Dodge, superintendent of Mt. Vernon; Thos. F. Chapman, N. B. Nevitt, M. D.; A. C. Landstreet, Seth Keuhling, W. R. Ward, J. H. Claggett and John K. Nevitt. While the people are by no means rich, they are earnest in supporting the church according to their ability. A good rectory property is attached to the church, for which contributions were raised within and without the parish.

"I have never known any gathering of the poor folk in a lonely, simple way, within fifty miles of the place" to celebrate Washington's birthday, nor has any one else in this neighborhood. The writer of the article in question is evidently unfamiliar with the church and the customs of the people."

A STRANGE STORY.—Saturday night railroad employees walking across the Richmond and Danville bridge over Dan river, at Danville, heard piteous cries for help coming from under the bridge. They hastened to the shore, procured a boat and went out into the stream. They found clinging to the middle rock pillar of the bridge a man partly submerged in the water and nearly drowned. They rescued him and carried him to the watchman's house on the north side, where he was made comfortable, and was later taken to a hotel by the police. The man was found to be Thos. G. Richardson, a farmer of Henry county. Richardson said he was sitting on the south bank, near the Atlantic and Danville depot, when two men asked him to get in their boat and go with them. He did so, and when they were midway the steam they knocked him out of the boat in deep water, and he was carried down the stream by the current until he struck against the rock pillar. Richardson went to Danville last Thursday to attend the meeting of the Farmers' Border Alliance, of which body he was elected vice president.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Col. F. E. C. Carr died at the University of Virginia yesterday.

The Farmers' Alliance of Accomac has withdrawn from the State Alliance.

Mr. Alexander McDonald, of Lynchburg, is an applicant for the Persian mission.

Rev. E. E. Wiley, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and a prominent educator, died at Emory and Henry College yesterday.

The original Mary Washington Association has protested against the design selected for the monument by the Washington Association.

Mrs. Mary E. Royal, mother-in-law of ex-Senator R. E. Withers, is critically ill with pneumonia, and a little hope is entertained of her recovery. She is in her 84th year.

Mr. P. H. O'Lannon, of Sperryville, has a fine collection of dogs at the dog show now being held in Washington. His kennels are among the most noted in the United States.

It is understood in Richmond that Mr. Wm. H. Cullingsworth is to be appointed postmaster of that city. He was postmaster under Mr. Cleveland's former administration.

The grand jury of Norfolk last night brought in true bills against twenty houses of ill-fame; two gambling houses and twenty-five merchants for doing business without a license.

Mr. Edward Burgess, formerly of Virginia, is a candidate for Governor of Arizona. He went to Arizona about nine years ago, and under the last Cleveland administration held a position out there under the Interior Department.

Secretary Herbert has decided to appoint Louis R. Finney his private secretary, to succeed Mr. Henry W. Raymond, who served Mr. Tracy for four years. Mr. Finney is a resident of Richmond, and was private secretary to Assistant Secretary Soley.

Lewis Coffman and H. Garland Brown, who suddenly and mysteriously disappeared from their homes and families—the first, Thursday morning, and the latter, Friday afternoon—have returned to Roanoke. Mr. Coffman said he had been in a dazed condition, and regained consciousness fifteen miles north of Lexington. Brown was found yesterday at McDonald's Mill, eighteen miles from Roanoke. He is mentally incapacitated from an attack of the grip and financial troubles.

Mrs. Ferdinand Hart, while engaged in burning old letters and papers last Friday night at her home, near Post Oak, in Spotsylvania county, was seriously, if not fatally, burned. Her dress caught on fire and she was entirely alone, her son, Dr. Marion Hart, being absent on professional business. Mrs. Hart, when she realized her position, rushed out in the open air and finally succeeded in extinguishing the fire, but was terribly burned. In that condition she had to walk nearly a mile to a neighbor's house before aid could be secured. Mrs. Hart is still in a very critical condition.

Richmond Terminal Suit.

Jesse Seligman, the banker, and his brother James, who are included as defendants in the suit brought by the Richmond Terminal and West Point Railroad Company against John H. Inman and others to recover \$4,000,000 because of alleged fraud in connection with the purchase of the Georgia Central Railroad, filed a separate answer to the complaint of the Richmond Terminal directors in the U. S. Circuit Court in New York yesterday. In it they deny being parties to the forming of a syndicate for the purchase and control of the stock of the Jersey Central Company, or that they employed D. Schenck, S. H. Wiley and Thomas Keogh to organize a corporation under the laws of North Carolina to receive a transfer of 40,000 shares of the Georgia stock.

They deny having reduced the issued shares of the capital of the Georgia company to \$12,000,000 by depositing with the Central Trust Company 60,100 shares of the Georgia stock in place of 50,000, which had been used to create a pool to float the stock for sale. It is admitted that on September 15, 1887, the defendants joined with others to purchase \$4,000,000 of Georgia Central Trust bonds at 95 percent over the par value but they deny knowing that next year the company was in financial trouble, or that its balance sheet showing a dividend was bogus. They also protest ignorance of John H. Inman's alleged plan to execute and consummate a plan for disposing of their alleged bonds and stock of the Georgia company.

POPULIST CONFERENCE.—According

to announcement, the populist conference was represented at Louisa Court House yesterday by only Gen. Jas. G. Field, of Virginia; Colonel Roberts, of Tennessee, and Colonel Vandevort, of Nebraska. Lengthy speeches were made by these gentlemen in the order named to a large and attentive crowd. A restoration of the currency through the remonetization of silver was discussed and some impression made upon farmers. They claimed that free and unlimited coinage was the salvation of the country and evidently fired the first guns of the people's party for the approaching campaign and cried "Relief for the people at large." Few, if any, democrats will be led off by third-party men in this year's election. Farmers and laborers generally have faith in the national democracy and believe that the desired relief will speedily come from the new Congress. General Field invited people of all parties to join the bimetallic league at one dollar each, claiming that it was a sly move to capture Virginia, backed by republicans generally. Democrats won't be caught in the trap.

A CALF WITH A WING.—A. Chisholm, a farmer near Hecla, S. D., and who is one of the leading cattlemen of Brule county, reports that one of his cows gave birth a few days ago to a winged calf. The calf is a bright, frolicking one and perfect in every respect save that it has a wing growing from its body just back of the shoulder-blade. The wing is perfectly natural, being jointed to the body, then extending backward in a natural way about six inches, at which point there is a joint allowing the outer extremity of the wing to drop downward and forward, forming an acute angle. A natural coat of hair covers the entire wing. Mr. Chisholm cannot account for this wonderful freak of nature, but says that during the early part of the season last summer his cattle were heavily driven from their pasture, which bordered the river, by the incessant coming and going of large flocks of wild geese. The calf will not be able to fly with one wing, but there is no telling to what extent wing culture might be developed by assiduous efforts in the calf's progeny.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Frank Colbert, the most illustrious and wealthiest member of the Chickasaw tribe of Indians, died Sunday night.

Cardinal Gibbons says the project for an official residence at Washington for Archbishop Satolli meets with his warm approval.

George Dixon and "Johnny" Griffin have been practically matched to fight for the feather-weight championship of the world. The match is scheduled to take place on June 29.

The four story brick building occupied by the James Bradford Company, dealers in oils and paints, in Wilmington, Del., was damaged by fire this morning to the extent of \$15,000.

At 9:10 last night the steamer Valley Queen passed Boyce, La., and in thirty minutes her distress signal was heard and a big fire was observed up the river. It is feared she has burned.

The Mexican Secretary of War has ordered a regiment of cavalry to make a march through the very heart of the turbulent Yaqui Indian country. The march will cover about one thousand miles.

Peter Jackson yesterday sent a letter to Jim Corbett proposing terms for a fight. Jackson's manager and Corbett states that Jackson will fight Corbett for \$10,000 a side without any purse, if necessary.

The Kansas Trust and Banking Company, of Atchison, in which Senator Ingalls is president, closed its doors last night. The liabilities of the concern are estimated at \$800,000, and the assets will probably reach \$700,000.

The town of Guyandotte, two miles east of Huntington, W. Va., was visited by a destructive fire this morning at five o'clock, and six houses, mostly saloons and restaurants, were destroyed; loss \$10,000. The fire was of incendiary origin.

A train on the New Orleans and Northeastern railroad had a narrow escape from train wreckers near Tusculona, Miss., Saturday night. A pile of cross-ties on the track was discovered by the engineer barely in time to avert a disaster.

About 250 negroes from the South arrived at Brinton station, near Pittsburgh, yesterday morning. Colored laborers will be given the first chance by the Carnegie Company at all its works in preference to foreigners who apply for work.

The five-story building, corner of Wells and Light streets, Baltimore, occupied by Mathai, Ingram & Company, for the manufacture of tin and Japanese ware, was almost entirely destroyed by fire this morning with its contents. The loss is about \$100,000.

An explosion occurred at Coal Mine No. 1, of the Choctaw Coal Co., at Anderson, I. T., early this morning. Nine men were reported killed and many wounded. A similar accident occurred there about a year ago in which a number of miners lost their lives.

The poisoning of the Ross family, at Madison, Ind., is now generally believed to have been done by Eva Ross, who poisoned herself and then put arsenic in the coffee. The girl supported the entire family, and was not well treated by them. Albert Ross died yesterday, making the third death in the family.

Henry Kaiser and Jacob Holz, two toughs, were arrested last night in St. Louis, charged with the murder of E. E. Brown, the Chicago commission merchant, who was beaten to death by footpads some days ago. The men were positively identified by two colored women who saw the murder committed.

The steamships Spanish Prince and Moorish Prince arrived at New York this morning from the Mediterranean. Both vessels took a southerly course, and one of them stopped at St. Michaels, in the Azores, sailing from there February 28th. Neither saw or heard anything of the Naronic, or saw any wreckage of any kind during the voyage.

The ship Morayshire, laden with raw sugar for Vancouver, B. C., which left Java October 22 last, is still due. Nothing has been seen or heard of her since she left Java, and grave fears are entertained for the ship's safety. Ninety days is considered a long run from Java to Vancouver, and there is little reason to hope that she will ever be seen again.

Fire broke out in the Xeter cotton mills at Xeter, N. H., about 4 o'clock this morning. It started in the basement and burned up through the building, destroying the engine room and the older part of the mill, which was destroyed once before. The new part of the mill was saved. Loss estimated at \$250,000. Three persons were injured. Two hundred and forty hands are thrown out of employment.

At one o'clock Sunday morning in the town of Centerville, a few miles beyond Whitebur, Minn., Fred. Stankey, a local prize fighter, known to the sporting fraternity as the "St. Paul butcher boy," was shot by a son of H. W. Kychlie, a saloon keeper. The shooting was the outcome of a quarrel over a game of cards, and it is claimed, was in self-defense. Stankey is in a dying condition, and so far no arrests have been made.

There is prospect of a railroad rate war in the grain carrying trade as soon as it begins coming down the lakes. Even now the boats bound east from Buffalo are said to be open for a dicker, which, with so little grain to catch as at present, is significant.

FULL REGULAR-MADE ENGLISH HALF ROSE, unbleached and colored, two pair 6c 25c at AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

MACKEREL, ROE HERRING, Cod Fish, Sardines, Canned Mackerel, Salmon and Lobsters for sale by J. C. MILEVIN.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign News.

LONDON, Mar. 14.—Sir Andrew Clark, Mr. Gladstone's physician, states that Mr. Gladstone has not got influenza. He has slept well and is much better, but remains in bed with a view to recuperation.

LONDON, Mar. 14.—A destructive fire occurred to-day at Bootle, near Liverpool. Two cotton warehouses belonging to the Deane Company were burned, the loss involved being about one hundred thousand pounds. In the course of the conflagration a wall of one of the warehouses fell, blocking for sometime the tracks of the Midland railway.

LONDON, Mar. 14.—Charles Wells, otherwise known as Monte Carlo Wells, was sentenced to-day to penal servitude for eight years on conviction of extensive fraud in having obtained large sums of money from Miss Catharine Phillimore and others.

PARIS, Mar. 14.—A debate in the Senate to-day on the facts brought out in the Panama prosecution, the Senate voted confidence in the government by 200 to 50.

Death of a Strange Character.

PARIS, Tex., Mar. 14.—Word comes from the Arbuckle Mountains of the death of a man said to be Lord Herbert, an English nobleman. Some years since, when a man still in the vigor and prime of manhood, he came in that portion of the Indian Territory, and, in an unfrequented spot, built a log hut which he made the home and a refuge for many fugitives from justice. Last week a party of cattlemen rode by and noticed his horse standing by the fence whinnying, and the dog lying in front of the door whining piteously. One of the party got down and went in and found the man rolling and urning in his bed, delicious and dying. The next day he died and the cattlemen buried him near his cabin.

Battle With Escaped Convicts.

PRINCETON, Mo., Mar. 14.—About two weeks ago J. L. Morris and M. F. Edwards, prisoners, who were confined in jail at this place, charged with burglary, escaped by cutting off the bars of their cell. They were located at a farmhouse near Paris station, and early Sunday morning the sheriff, with a posse, surrounded the house and demanded their surrender. They replied by firing at the officers. The sheriff's men returned the fire and Morris was instantly killed and Edwards desperately wounded. The sheriff and posse escaped unhurt.

BATTLE WITH A WILD-CAT.—A cor-

respondent of the Warrenton Index writes: "On a visit to Greene county last week, I learned that Mr. Hurt, a farmer in that county, was aroused from his slumber a few nights before my arrival by a noise in his hen house. In his hurry to learn the cause he ran out of his house before dressing. He was accompanied by his wife, who carried an axe. As soon as he opened the door of his hen house he saw the cause of the disturbance. Quickly closing the door after he entered with the axe, he endeavored to kill the intruder, which proved to be a wild cat. Failing to deal a deadly blow, the animal made fight. Thereupon the man shrieked to his wife 'Sal, let me out, the d—n wild cat is clawing me to pieces!' But Sal's only answer was to 'kill that yaller cat, and until you do kill it, I'll not open the door.' Finally, after a desperate battle, the man succeeded in killing the wild cat, but not before his limbs were fearfully lacerated by the clawing and biting of the animal. When the door was opened the husband, instead of being angry with his wife for letting him be so injured, said boastfully to her 'Sal, I can kill a yaller cat, a wild cat or any other kind of a cat that comes along!'

GLACIAL CHANGES.—An official who was out in the northwest long before there were any railroads in that part of the country says that the glaciers of the Selkirk range were pure white and blue then. Now they have a grayish, and, in some lights, a reddish appearance, and on examining the surface of the ice it is found to be charged with lumps of what seems to be clay. The official says that this is ash from the forest fires that civilization has carried into that region.

The eastern coal agents met to-day in New York and agreed upon the following reductions in the price of anthracite coal: Broken, 10 cents per ton; egg, 40 cents per ton; stove, 60 cents per ton; chestnut, 50 cents per ton. The reduction is to go into effect at once. The western sales agents will not meet until the last of the month.

The Fish Law.

To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette: Will you be kind enough to give us a small space in your valuable paper as we know you will when facts are made known to you. The fishing season is about to commence and we small fishermen are trying to get our nets together to make head for our families. You will all know if we are compelled to sell our fish at wholesale at Fishtown to dealers at their price, or can we sell them to families on the street without violating the law. Why are the fish men in the market allowed to wholesale, pack and ship their fish from their benches in the tidal marsh so much benefit as they will all know if we are compelled to sell our fish at wholesale at Fishtown to dealers at their price, or can we sell them to families on the street without violating the law. Why are the fish men in the market allowed to wholesale, pack and ship their fish from their benches in the tidal marsh so much benefit as they will all know if we are compelled to sell our fish at wholesale at Fishtown to dealers at their price, or can we sell them to families on the street without violating the law.

Are You Married?

It is the small annoyances that worry—sour milk over night, no milk-milk in the morning; no cream for the coffee; no milk for the baby. The Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is always ready for use. Grocers and Druggists.

I HAVE been a great sufferer from dry-cough for many years, and I tried many remedies, but none did me so much benefit as Ely's Cream Balm. It completely cured me. M. J. Lally, 39 Woodward Ave., Boston Highlands, Mass.

AFTER using Ely's Cream Balm two months I was surprised to find that the right nostril, which was closed for over twenty years, was now open and free as the other, and once in a while I could not do for many years. I feel very thankful.—R. H. Cressingham, 275 18th St., Brooklyn.

h47